

### Further Mechanics 1 Mark Scheme (Section B)

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
<b>6(a)</b>	Using the model and $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ to find $v$	M1	3.4
	$v^2 = 2as = 2g \times 2.4 = 4.8g \Rightarrow v = \sqrt{4.8g}$	A1	1.1b
	Using the model and $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ to find $u$	M1	3.4
	$0^2 = u^2 - 2g \times 0.6 \Rightarrow u = \sqrt{1.2g}$	A1	1.1b
	Using the correct strategy to solve the problem by finding the sep. speed and app. speed and applying NLR	M1	3.1b
	$e = \sqrt{1.2g} / \sqrt{4.8g} = 0.5$ *	A1*	1.1b
	<b>(6)</b>		
<b>(b)</b>	Using the model and $e = \text{sep. speed} / \text{app. speed}$ , $v = 0.5\sqrt{1.2g}$	M1	3.4
	Using the model and $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$	M1	3.4
	$0^2 = 0.25(1.2g) - 2gh \Rightarrow h = 0.15$ (m)	A1	1.1b
		<b>(3)</b>	
<b>(c)</b>	Ball continues to bounce with the height of each bounce being a quarter of the previous one	B1	2.2b
		<b>(1)</b>	
			<b>(10 marks)</b>
<b>Notes:</b>			
<b>(a)</b>			
<b>M1:</b> For a complete method to find $v$			
<b>A1:</b> For a correct value (may be numerical)			
<b>M1:</b> For a complete method to find $u$			
<b>A1:</b> For a correct value (may be numerical)			
<b>M1:</b> For finding both $v$ and $u$ and use of Newton's Law of Restitution			
<b>A1*:</b> For the given answer			
<b>(b)</b>			
<b>M1:</b> For use of Newton's Law of Restitution to find rebound speed			
<b>M1:</b> For a complete method to find $h$			
<b>A1:</b> For 0.15 (m) oe			
<b>(c)</b>			
<b>B1:</b> For a clear description including reference to a quarter			

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
<b>7(a)</b>	Energy Loss = KE Loss – PE Gain	M1	3.3
	$= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 25^2 - 0.5 g \times 20$	A1	1.1b
	$= 58.25 = 58 \text{ (J) or } 58.3 \text{ (J)}$	A1	1.1b
		<b>(3)</b>	
<b>(b)</b>	Using work-energy principle, $20 R = 58.25$	M1	3.3
	$R = 2.9125 = 2.9 \text{ or } 2.91$	A1ft	1.1b
		<b>(2)</b>	
<b>(c)</b>	Make resistance variable (dependent on speed)	B1	3.5c
		<b>(1)</b>	
<b>(6 marks)</b>			
<b>Notes:</b>			
<b>(a)</b> <b>M1:</b> For a difference in KE and PE <b>A1:</b> For a correct expression <b>A1:</b> For either 58 (2sf) or 58.3(3sf)			
<b>(b)</b> <b>M1:</b> For use of work-energy principle <b>A1ft:</b> For either 2.9 (2sf) or 2.91 (3sf) follow through on their answer to (a)			
<b>(c)</b> <b>B1:</b> For variable resistance oe			

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
<b>8(a)</b>	Force = Resistance (since no acceleration) = 30	B1	3.1b
	Power = Force $\times$ Speed = 30 $\times$ 4	M1	1.1b
	= 120 W	A1 ft	1.1b
		<b>(3)</b>	
<b>(b)</b>	Resolving parallel to the slope	M1	3.1b
	$F - 60g\sin\alpha - 30 = 0$	A1	1.1b
	$F = 70$	A1	1.1b
	Power = Force $\times$ Speed = 70 $\times$ 3	M1	1.1b
	= 210 W	A1 ft	1.1b
		<b>(5)</b>	
<b>(8 marks)</b>			
<b>Notes:</b>			
<p><b>(a)</b>  <b>B1:</b> For force = 30 seen  <b>M1:</b> For use of <math>P = Fv</math>  <b>A1ft:</b> For 120 (W), follow through on their '30'</p>			
<p><b>(b)</b>  <b>M1:</b> For resolving parallel to the slope with correct no. of terms and 60g resolved  <b>A1:</b> For a correct equation  <b>A1:</b> For <math>F = 70</math>  <b>M1:</b> For use of <math>P = Fv</math>  <b>A1ft:</b> For 210 (W), follow through on their '70'</p>			

Question	Scheme	Marks	AOs
<b>9(a)</b>	Use of conservation of momentum	M1	3.1a
	$3mu - 2mu = 3mv + mw$	A1	1.1b
	Use of NLR	M1	3.1a
	$3ue = -v + w$	A1	1.1b
	Using a correct strategy to solve the problem by setting up two equations (need both) in $u$ and $v$ and solving for $v$	M1	3.1b
	$v = \frac{u}{4}(1 - 3e)$	A1	1.1b
		<b>(6)</b>	
<b>(b)</b>	$\frac{u}{4}(1 - 3e) < 0$	M1	3.1b
	$\frac{1}{3} < e \leq 1$	A1	1.1b
		<b>(2)</b>	
<b>(c)</b>	Solving for $w$	M1	2.1
	$w = \frac{u}{4}(1 + 9e)^*$	A1 *	1.1b
		<b>(2)</b>	
<b>(d)</b>	Substitute $e = \frac{5}{9}$	M1	1.1b
	$v = -\frac{u}{6}, w = \frac{3u}{2}$	A1	1.1b
	Use NLR for impact with wall, $x = fw$	M1	1.1b
	Further collision if $x > -v$	M1	3.4
	$f \frac{3u}{2} > \frac{u}{6}$	A1	1.1b
	$1 \geq f > \frac{1}{9}$	A1	1.1b
		<b>(6)</b>	

**(16 marks)**

**Notes:**

**(a)**

**M1:** For use of CLM, with correct no. of terms, condone sign errors

**A1:** For a correct equation

**M1:** For use of Newton's Law of Restitution, with  $e$  on the correct side

**A1:** For a correct equation

**M1:** For setting up *two* equations and solving their equations for  $v$

**A1:** For a correct expression for  $v$

**(b)**

**M1:** For use of an appropriate inequality

**A1:** For a complete range of values of  $e$

**(c)**

**M1:** For solving their equations for  $w$

**A1:** For the given answer

**Question 9 notes continued:**

**(d)**

**M1:** For substituting  $e = \frac{5}{9}$  into their  $v$  and  $w$

**A1:** For correct expressions for  $v$  and  $w$

**M1:** For use of Newton's Law of Restitution, with  $e$  on the correct side

**M1:** For use of appropriate inequality

**A1:** For a correct inequality

**A1:** For a correct range